

STEM Challenges and Activity Sheets for Grades 6–8

For your convenience, this document collects all the challenges and activity sheets from the **Building Blocks** program in one downloadable PDF. Use this document to print out the entire grades 6–8 program, complete units, or individual activities and activity sheets. If you want to access the challenges on the tablet, return to www.scholastic.com/sparks3 and click “View” next to the desired challenge.

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Challenge 1: What can STEM do for communities?

Get Prepared

 **Challenge Goal:** Learn about STEM, with a focus on how engineering can help communities

 **Time Needed:** 45 minutes

 **What You Will Need:**

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet A: Engineering in Our Community**

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- scissors
- paper
- pens or pencils
- notebook/folder/binder

Before You Begin:

- Get prepared for the **Building Blocks** program by working with your administrative team to make sure all tablets are connected to your council's Wi-Fi.
- Take the time to locate the apps in the “Apps” section of the tablet so you can direct kids to find them when they need to.

- Because kids will have activity sheets and notes throughout the program, consider giving them notebooks, folders, or binders to use.

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.



Connect With the Home:

Before you begin the **Building Blocks** program, send home the **Council-to-Home Communication: Program Overview** to explain to parents and guardians what the program is about.



After you've begun the first unit, send home the **Council-to-Home Communication: Unit 1 Overview** so family members will know what types of activities are involved in Unit 1 of the program.

Spark Exploration: STEM Careers 5 mins.

1. Familiarize kids with the idea of STEM by asking: **Has anyone heard of the acronym STEM? Can you explain what it stands for?** (STEM stands for science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.)
2. Have kids use the tablets to open the **STEM Career Flip Book** and skim the careers in the book. (Note: You'll go more in depth with the **Flip Book** in later activities.)

Ask: **Can you name some specific careers that would fall under STEM?** (Answers may include careers that involve: computer programming, medicine, and engineering.)

Goal Selection:

What goals would someone in these careers set out to achieve?



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Challenge 1: What can STEM do for communities? (continued)

Setting the Strategy: Engineering in the Community 10 mins.

1. Kick off a group discussion by asking: **What do you think people with STEM careers can do to achieve goals in communities?** (Answers may include: STEM careers provide valuable services like health care; or that technology and engineering can make communities safer and improve how they function.)
2. Kids may be familiar with science, technology, and math as part of their daily lives, but less so with engineering. Discuss kids' prior knowledge about this topic by asking:
 - **What is engineering?** (Engineering combines science and math to improve the world around us.)
 - **What do engineers do?** (There are dozens of types of engineering careers. Some engineers create and construct buildings, bridges, and other structures. Other engineers design planes and cars. Still others clean up oil spills, create new computer technology, or formulate new chemical compounds.)

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 15 mins.

Take the idea of engineering in the community further. Have kids pair up to name the engineering aspects in their own neighborhoods. Hand out **Activity Sheet A: Engineering in Our Community** and ask kids to work together to imagine engineering solutions for their communities. Explain that solutions may need to be revised as new challenges appear. Have kids come up with different solutions to solve the same problem.

Use the Tablets! 15 mins.

Wrap-up Session and Reflection Activity:

Ask kids to imagine themselves improving their neighborhoods with an engineering project. Kids will need to reflect on what would have to change in their neighborhoods, what they would build, and what the benefit of their engineering project would be. Then have them use the **FlipaClip—cartoon animation app** to create a short animation that answers the question, “What engineering project can improve my community and how?”



TEAM MEMBERS: _____

Engineering in Our Community


If you want to see engineering in action, all you need to do is look around! When you walk through your neighborhood, what types of engineering projects might you spot? Maybe new bike lanes are being built. Buildings might have ramps for people with disabilities. There could be street signs with flashing lights to warn drivers to slow down in school zones. Engineering can be found everywhere!


Instructions: As a team, list the types of engineering you've seen in your neighborhood in the middle column of the chart below. Then think of engineering projects that could improve people's lives in your community, and write those in the last column. Imagine what your ideas could do!

Types of Engineering	Our community has...	Our community could use...
Public Buildings (like museums, town halls, post offices, libraries)		
Structures (like bridges, water towers, dams)		
Technology (like lighting and traffic control)		
Utilities (like sewage systems, storm drains, electrical lines)		
Public Facilities (like parks, piers, recreational areas)		
Transportation (like roads, bike paths, sidewalks, buses, trains)		

Challenge 2: How are neighborhoods engineered?

Get Prepared

 **Challenge Goal:** Study maps and blueprints to draw a neighborhood map to scale

 **Time Needed:** Two 45-minute sessions

Before You Begin:

- Locate your program or school site neighborhood on the Google Maps website using the site's zip code. Print out multiple copies of the neighborhood map on large-size paper for use later in the activity.
- Make four printouts of **Activity Sheet B: Map It** for each team of two in your group.



What You Will Need:

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet B: Map It**
- Google Maps printouts

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- tape or glue
- rulers
- Completed **Activity Sheet A: Engineering in My Community** (from Activity 1)
- graph paper
- pens or pencils
- poster board

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.

SESSION 1

Spark Exploration: STEM Careers 15 mins.



Have kids use their tablets to open the **STEM Career Flip Book**. Point them to the land surveyor in the math section. After kids read the text, ask: **What skills do you need to work as a surveyor? What do surveyors do?** (Answers may include: map the environment to determine property borders, help architects

plan new construction, map crime scenes, survey land under the ocean to look for oil or find dangers to boats.)

Goal Selection:

- **What goals would surveyors set?**

Setting the Strategy: Engineering in the Community 15 mins.

1. Discuss the responses kids wrote on **Activity Sheet A: Engineering in My Community** from the previous activity. Call on volunteers and use a whiteboard or chalkboard to list some of their ideas for engineering projects that could help achieve goals in their community.
2. Explain that nothing is built in a community without the input of engineers called *urban planners*. They

decide on the best places to build roads and parks. They design improvements to things like outdated sewage systems. Get kids thinking about the role of an urban planner by asking: **What are some other parts of neighborhoods that are engineered?**

3. Explain that urban planners rely on maps to do their job. They need to know the location of buildings and streets. They even have maps that show where sewer or electrical cable lines run underground.

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Challenge 2: How are neighborhoods engineered? (continued)

Use the Tablets! 15 mins.

1. Have kids use the tablets to search for images of maps and *blueprints* (or design plans) of their city.
2. Then ask kids to open the **Google Maps app** on their tablets and use the zip code of your local program or school site to locate their neighborhood. They can orient themselves by finding familiar locations such as their home, school, or local library.
3. Guide them through the app's features, such as Satellite View to see an aerial image of their neighborhood. For even more detail, they can also access the **Google Earth app** with Street View (drag and drop the yellow Pegman icon) for a pedestrian's-eye view.

Wrap-up and Reflection Activity:

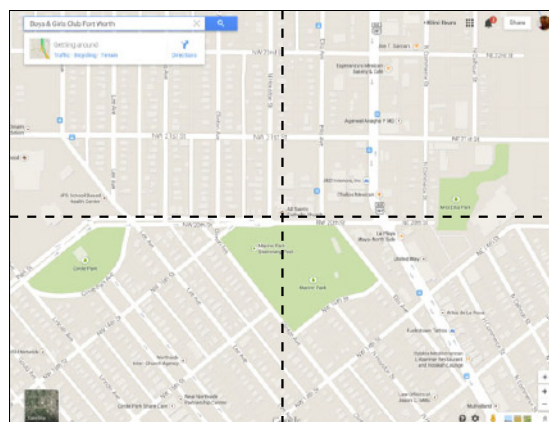
4. At the end of Session 1, have kids team up into groups of two. Explain that kids will remain on these teams for the remainder of the **Building Blocks** program, so they should pair with someone they work well with. You may need to create the pairs, so no one feels left out. Ask the kids to choose a team name and let them know that in the next session they will be working with their teams to create a neighborhood map.
5. Ask kids to discuss within their teams what they discovered in their neighborhood map.

SESSION 2

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 mins.

To Get Started: Remind kids that they discussed maps and blueprints in the last session. They also used Google Maps on their tablets to locate their own neighborhood. Ask them to discuss what landmarks in their community helped orient them while using Google Maps.

1. Have kids separate into their teams and provide each team with four copies of the **Activity Sheet B: Map It** or four sheets of graph paper. They will also need a printout of the map showing the neighborhood surrounding your local program or school site.
2. Instruct kids to divide the map printout into fourths by measuring a vertical line and a horizontal line down the middle of the printout. Be sure to discuss how kids should measure the total length and width, then divide both in half to find the measurements that will create grid lines that separate the map into equal parts.
3. Explain that each team will draw the map grid-by-grid on its **Activity Sheet B: Map It** activity sheets or on grid paper. Each grid square on the map will correspond to one activity sheet or one sheet of graph paper. At



completion, kids will have a larger map hand-drawn to scale of the Google map they've printed.

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Challenge 2: How are neighborhoods engineered? (continued)

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 mins.

4. Before kids begin drawing, discuss the idea that all maps need scale. Scale is a tool that mapmakers use to make sure the objects they place on the map are the correct size. Make sure that students understand that the size of items on a map relates to the size of the items in real life.
5. Explain that scale is determined by making a comparison called a *ratio*. For mapmaking, ratios compare the measurements of a real place to the measurements on a map. For example, if the width of a drawn map is 6 inches and the width of a Google map is 3 inches then the ratio is 2/1, or 2:1. That means if students are drawing a map with a ratio of 2:1, the objects they draw on their map would be two times the size of the ones on the Google map.
6. Tell groups that they will work together to choose the scale for their map grids. Have students use rulers to measure the width of each grid square on the Google map printout. Then measure the width of the map area on the activity sheet. If kids are using graph paper, they will measure the width of the sheet of graph paper. They will then compare the width of their graph paper to the width of the area on the Google map.
7. After they've determined the scale for the maps, they should each use the same scale to calculate the size of map objects, such as streets or buildings, that will be included in their grid. For example, if their scale is 2:1, a building that is 2 inches wide on the Google map should be 4 inches, or twice as wide, on the maps they draw. Give students time to draw their map grids. When done, teams will piece together their grid squares and attach them to poster board to make a completed neighborhood map. After finishing their map, give teams time to reflect and make adjustments as necessary.

Example:
$$\frac{\text{Drawn Map Width}}{\text{Google Map Width}} = \frac{6 \text{ inches}}{3 \text{ inches}} = \frac{2}{1} \text{ or } 2:1$$

Explain that as groups are working to agree on the scale they will use to draw their map grids, they should simplify the scale to make it usable.





Map It

When done, tape together each map grid to make a completed neighborhood map. Do the streets match up? Did you and your teammate use the same scale? Don't be afraid to make changes if needed.

This image shows a full page of blank graph paper. The grid consists of small, uniform squares formed by thin, light gray lines. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

Challenge 3: How do we create an engineering model?

Get Prepared

Challenge Goal: Learn about the concept of an engineering model and then build a scale model of their community

Time Needed: Four 45-minute sessions (as needed to complete the 3D models)

What You Will Need:

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet C: 3D City**
- **Letter to the Editor Template (optional)**

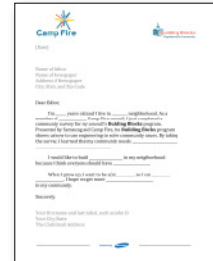
Materials

- Samsung tablets
- grid paper
- construction paper
- cardboard
- pencils and markers
- rulers
- glue gun
- scissors
- craft materials (yarn, pipe cleaners, glitter, etc.)
- glue or tape
- Popsicle sticks and toothpicks

Connect With the Community (optional):

After kids have completed Unit 1, and the Engineering in Our Community worksheet, they will have identified important needs in their community. Now you can give them a chance to have their voices heard! Wrap up the unit by helping them write letters to the editor of their local newspaper about their community's needs. After they've researched the address of their favorite local newspaper, download the **Letter to the Editor Template** to help them figure out what to say.

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.



SESSION 1

Spark Exploration: STEM Careers 10 mins.

1. Share this fun fact before having kids use the tablets to open the **STEM Career Flip Book**. *Did you know 20 percent of all jobs in the U.S. are in STEM fields? That's about 26 million jobs!**

Goal Selection:

2. Introduce the food scientist and the wildlife biologist from the science section in the **Flip Book**. Ask kids to reflect on what they think food scientists and wildlife biologists do. Ask them to reflect on what goals people in these careers would set. Ask them to reflect on what is important about the work these scientists do. Provide background and some fun insights with the following information:
 - Food scientists make it possible for the world's population to buy different foods at a low cost. They also invent new

foods. Food scientists invented freeze-dried ice cream, which flew in space with the Apollo 7 space mission in 1968.

- At the age of 26, wildlife biologist Jane Goodall was accepted into the lives of wild chimpanzees in what is now Tanzania. Through detailed observation and a slow buildup of trust, she was able to observe behaviors that had never been seen before. They held tight family bonds, had a chain of command, and not only were they able to use tools, but they were seen making them.

After the discussion, explain that you will continue to discuss careers from the **STEM Career Flip Book** on future days.

*National Math + Science Initiative



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Challenge 3: How do we create an engineering model? (continued)

Setting the Strategy: Engineering in the Community 10 mins.

Show kids an image of an architectural model on your tablet, using the following link: <http://architecturalmodels.tumblr.com/>. Then ask:

- **What is a model?** (A 3D representation, usually done on a small scale, of an object or structure.)
- **Why do you think models are important to engineers?** (They help them show others how an engineering project will look, and function in the communities where the projects will be built. A model is also a visual representation of the strategies an engineer implements to achieve goals.)

- **What do engineers have to consider before building a model?** (How large the real-life structure will be and how the real-life structure compares to the size of the model; in determining the size of the model, engineers will consider the area of the space where the real-life structure will be built, the scale they will use to build the model, the structures and terrain that will surround the structure, the building materials that will be used to build the structure, as well as the goals the structure will need to achieve.)

Use the Tablets! 25 mins.

1. Have kids break off into their design teams. Hand out **Activity Sheet C: 3D City**. Kids will now get the chance to build a 3D model of their community.
2. Explain that they will start by determining the area of their model. Ask teams to use their tablets to view their neighborhoods on **Google Maps**. They should select an area that's no more than two blocks by two blocks. Have them write down the street names that will border their models on the activity sheet.
3. Finally, teams will sketch in the buildings, parks, and other structures that will make up their models on the activity sheet. Remind them they can use both **Google Maps** and **Google Earth** to get an idea of what they should include.
4. Now that they have mapped out their models, have teams use the activity sheet to consider the scale of their models' structures. If they need computing help, have them use the **Calculator app** on the tablet.
5. When this planning session is complete, make sure to hold on to the teams' sketches and scale charts. They'll need them for the next session.

Wrap-up and Reflection Activity:

6. Have students consider what they want their models to show overall. Are they showing large buildings, highways, or residences? Have they included community spaces, such as a park? Why did they choose the specific segment for their model?



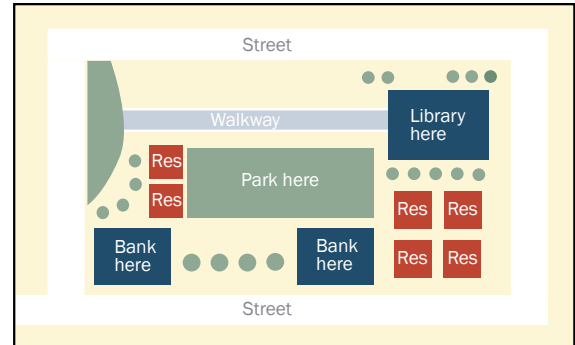
Challenge 3: What is innovative engineering? (continued)

SESSION 2

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 mins.

To Get Started: Remind kids that they discussed engineering models in the previous session. Ask students to name a few reasons why models are so important to engineers.

- Now that kids have used the first session to plan out their models, they are ready to build! Pass out large pieces of cardboard for kids to use as the bases for their models. Allow teams to decide how large they would like their models to be. Then circulate among the teams as they cut the cardboard to their desired foundation size.
- Instruct kids to draw in the streets, buildings, and other structures they will include in their models. This will be a flat plan where they will place all the structures and elements that will be included in their model. A good way to describe this would be to liken the foundation to a place mat with shapes and designations as to where a plate, fork, or cup would go. Please refer to the illustration to the right for a visual example of a foundation.



- After kids complete this task, they can start making their model structures as described in sessions 3 and 4. If not, they should have sufficient time to cut the foundation and draw in the model elements by the end of session 2.

Wrap-up and Reflection:

- Ask kids to think about why laying out a foundation prior to building a model is so important. Guide kids to think about spaces and structure sizing.

SESSIONS 3 and 4

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 min. Sessions

To Get Started: Remind kids that they started building their models in the previous session. Ask them to discuss any challenges they came across during this process.

- During the final sessions of this activity, kids will build the buildings, trees, and other structures that will make up their models. Explain that this project will require them to think creatively about how to make the structures in their models. Explain that they can use popsicle sticks and toothpicks to build the structure of houses and other buildings. They can then cover the popsicle sticks with construction paper to serve as walls and roofs. As kids work, evaluate whether they are on track and provide feedback on the construction of their models. Remind them to use all the materials they have access to and to use their creativity. Answer any questions teams may have if they become stuck and encourage them to reflect and revise their models as needed.

Wrap-up and Reflection:

- Depending on how quickly kids finished session 2, they may only need one session (session 3) to complete their models. If you find your kids need an additional day to put the finishing touches on their models, provide them with more time to wrap up so that they will have models they can be proud of.

TEAM NAME: _____

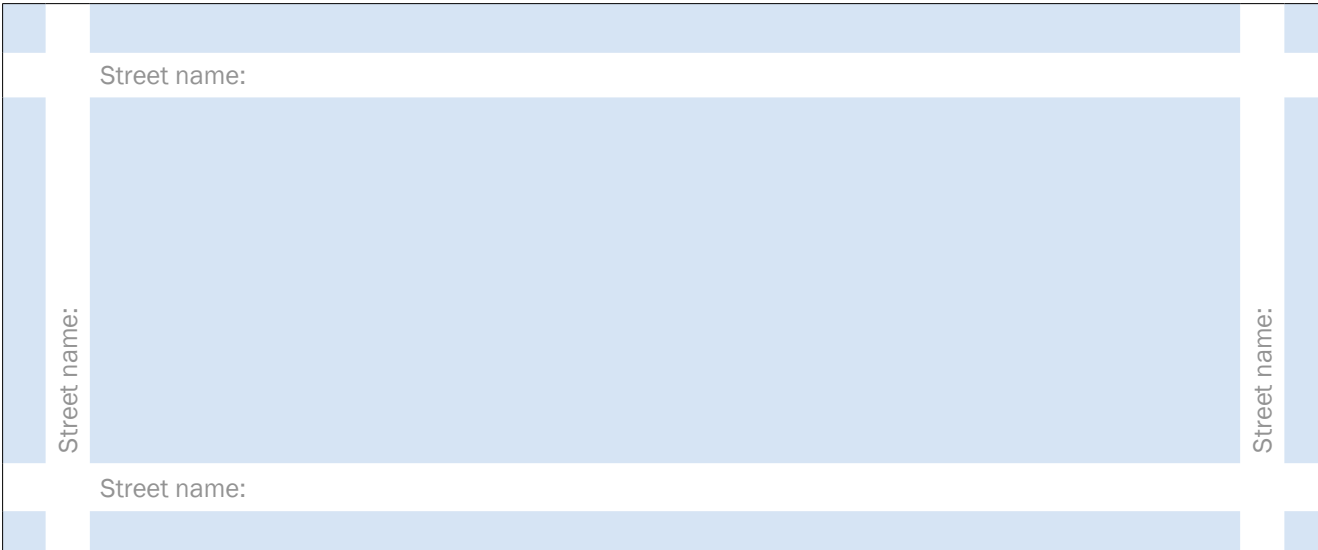
3D City

Maps are very useful, but the view they show of the world can fall, well, flat. Engineers draw their ideas, then build 3D models of their sketches. This allows them to see what their designs will look like in real life.

You've mapped out your community, so why not bring that 2D world off the paper? Follow the step-by-step instructions below to build a 3D model of your community.

Session 1: Planning the Model

Step 1: Choose Your Area: Choose whether you'd like to build a whole block or just the front of one block.



Step 2: Map Out Your Model: Use the space above to draw in the streets, building lots, parks, and other features you will include on your model.

Step 3: Consider the Scale: You want structures in your community to be proportional to those in real life. Decide the appropriate size of the houses, trees, and other structures in your community. Select dimensions for those items and write them in the chart below.

	Height	Length	Width
Houses			
Trees			
Other Structures			

Session 2: Drafting the Model


Create Your Foundation: Cut a piece of cardboard to the size you'd like to have for your model. Then use your model sketch as a guide to draw in the streets, buildings, and other structures you will include in your model.

Session 3: Building the Model

Build the Block: To build your community, cut pieces of cardboard and tape or glue them together to shape buildings' walls and roofs. Think about structures like bridges or water towers. How can you build your community out of the materials at hand? Add finishing touches to make your 3D model more realistic. For example, show grass or parks by coloring these areas green or by covering them with a piece of green construction paper.

Challenge 4: What is innovative engineering?

Get Prepared

 **Challenge Goal:** Understand the idea of innovative engineering and learn about basic engineering structures

 **Time Needed:** Three 45-minute sessions

 **What You Will Need:**

Printouts	Materials
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activity Sheet D: Build a Better Bridge • Activity Sheet E: Name That Career 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Samsung tablets • books • paper • pens or pencils • index cards • cardboard • pennies • glue and tape • string • pipe cleaners

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.

Before You Begin:

- Make sure the following website is visible to kids: to.pbs.org/1hDKL4Q. They will be referring to this link in the tablet activity on the following page.
- To plan for the wrap-up activity at the end of session 3, make enough copies of **Activity Sheet E: Name That Career** so that each team has one complete set of cards. Cut out the activity cards along the dotted lines and keep each set of cards separate to pass out for the optional wrap-up activity.
- In large letters, write each of the following engineering careers on a separate sheet of paper: automotive engineer, drafter, landscape architect, civil engineer. (You will have four signs when done.)



Connect With the Home:

Download and print out the **Council-to-Home Communication: Unit 2 Overview** for kids to take home and share with their family members.

SESSION 1

Spark Exploration: STEM Careers

10 mins.

Direct kids to take out their tablets, open the **STEM Career Flip Book** and read about civil engineers in the Engineering section. Ask: *What role do you think civil engineers played in the engineering of your community? What goals did these engineers set out to achieve in your community?*

Goal Selection:

If you were a civil engineer, what would you build? Why would it be important to you and others in the community? What goals would you set?



Setting the Strategy: Engineering in the Community

35 mins.

1. Engineers are problem solvers. Part of their job is to come up with strategic and often new ways to meet people's needs and their own goals. This characteristic is called being innovative. Ask:
 - *What do you think it means to be innovative?*
 - *Can you think of some examples of innovative engineering?*

- *Is innovation a skill that can grow with effort and practice or simply something you are born with?*
- Hint:** Abilities improve with effort and practice. Engineers constantly grow their skills and challenge themselves to ensure they learn throughout their career!

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Challenge 4: What is innovative engineering?

Strategy: Engineering in the Community (continued)

2. Use your tablet to show kids three examples of innovative engineering. Each of the following structures was designed to meet a specific goal or need. Review the innovations and discuss strategies used to meet the community's needs.
3. Discuss how these structures meet a community need. **What materials were used to build these structures? How would you change the innovations to benefit your own community?**

- **SkyCycle (London, England):**

This elevated pathway was proposed to help cyclists travel safely through the city: bbc.in/1hvQAHq

- **Water-Generating Billboard (Lima, Peru):**

An engineering school created this billboard, which collects water from the air and turns it into clean drinking water: bit.ly/OJwM6C

- **Makoko Floating School (Lagos, Nigeria):**

This school was built for children living in a poor area in Africa prone to frequent flooding: nyti.ms/1kvwyPi

Wrap-up Session and Reflection:

4. Wrap up session 1 by having kids choose one of the three innovations that would benefit their community. Pass out paper and ask teams to adapt the existing design to make it fit their community's needs. Ask students to think about what needs their improved design will meet and what strategies they will be using to meet those needs. If there is time, have teams present their adaptations to the entire group.

SESSION 2

Use the Tablets! 45 mins.

To Get Started: Remind kids that they discussed the role engineers played in their communities and innovative engineering in the previous session. Ask them to discuss their favorite engineering innovation and why.

1. Explain that to create innovative designs, engineers start with some basic building blocks. These simple structures include things like arches to support bridges and domes to cap buildings.
2. Have kids access the building challenges on the Building Big website: to.pbs.org/1hDKL4Q. Kids should use the website to experiment with different materials and building techniques for different locations. Tell kids to investigate the basic structures used by engineers in their designs. As they discover different building blocks, ask them to find one or two purposes each structure serves and note them on a whiteboard or chalkboard. When finished, have the kids reflect on and discuss why these engineering building blocks are useful.
3. Explain that engineers have many things to consider when building structures. One of the important things engineers have to consider is a structure's *load*. Loads are forces that push, twist, and stretch a structure. Have kids complete the interactive labs on the Building Big website to learn how loads affect a structure's stability. They'll also learn how the right materials and shapes can make a structure sturdier: to.pbs.org/1hlikxx.

Wrap-up Session and Reflection Activity:

4. Encourage kids to use the Building Big website to illustrate what different forces can do to a bridge. For example, what does a bridge that has been warped under a great weight look like? Have kids reflect on why it is so important to test and retest structures.

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Challenge 4: What is innovative engineering? (continued)

SESSION 3

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 mins.

To Get Started: Remind kids that they discussed engineering structures, materials, and load. Ask them to name and explain two engineering structures as a group.

1. Hand out **Activity Sheet D: Build a Better Bridge**. Kids will test what kind of load a simple bridge can hold. Then they'll modify their bridges using a variety of materials, shapes, and supports to see which design aspects allow their bridges to withstand the greatest force. Explain at the outset that many projects fail and that engineers have to shift gears or experience road blocks and revise their designs many times before achieving the goal of the project.



Innovation in engineering depends on the idea that structures and things can always be improved. This is true of our own abilities as well.

Wrap-up Session and Reflection Activity:

2. Wrap up session 3 with the following interactive challenge that gets kids thinking about roles engineering plays in communities.
3. Have kids separate into their teams and give each team a set of the activity cards you cut out from **Activity Sheet E: Name That Career**. Ask each team to write their name on the back of their cards so that the teams can be identified.

Put each of the four signs with the names of engineering careers in a different corner of the room.

4. Tell the teams that they have five minutes to match the cards with the correct sign. This will require them to match the STEM skills on their cards with the appropriate engineering career. They can refer back to the **STEM Career Flip Book** to research the career if necessary. The first team to finish placing the most cards in the correct place wins the game.

Answers

- **Career: Automotive engineer**
- **Cards:** *Protect people from car crashes, protect the environment by designing more efficient cars, make sure cars function properly to prevent car crashes*
- **Career: Drafter**
- **Cards:** *Help architects plan buildings by drawing up the plans, create solutions for problems in building plans and make improvements to building plans, work with teams to draw the plans for new innovations*
- **Career: Landscape architect**
- **Cards:** *Fix damaged areas like wetlands or rivers, design parks for neighborhoods, help the environment by designing gardens that collect storm water or trap air pollution*
- **Career: Civil engineer**
- **Cards:** *Test buildings to make sure they are strong and people are safe inside them, plan where to put new buildings, make sure buildings are using the right building materials and following safety codes*

NAME: _____

Build a Better Bridge

You just learned about the techniques engineers use to build structures that hold up under all sorts of conditions. Remember to manage your goals instead of simply setting them. Through GPS you will make your goal selection, create your plan, try it, and even “shift gears” to improve your design if you encounter challenges. Now it’s your turn to build a sturdy structure of your own.

Instructions: Read the passage below to learn how engineers build superstrong bridges. Then follow the instructions to construct your own bridge that won’t buckle under pressure.

Loaded Up

All structures experience *loads*, forces that push, twist, and stretch. Changes in a structure can be caused by the weight of objects pushing down on the structure, strong winds, or even vibrations.

In the case of a bridge, cars and people create a heavy load that pushes down on the bridge. Strong winds and vibrations can cause the bridge to twist or collapse.

Engineers have to account for these forces to make sure the bridges they build won’t collapse. Three ways engineers do this are choosing the right materials, shape, and supports for their structures.

Parts of a bridge can be made out of materials like wood, metal, or concrete. It can be shaped like a beam to form a straight span across a gap or an arch. Bridges can be made stronger by reinforcing them. Engineers use supports, such as trusses and suspension cables. These supports reduce the force of a load by spreading it over a larger area.

Build It:

1. **Stack the books:** Make two stacks of books that are the same height, with 3 inches between the stacks.
2. **Lay the bridge:** Lay an index card lengthwise across the gap.
3. **Add the load:** Pile pennies in the middle of the card. How many can it hold before collapsing?

Reflect and Shift Gears:

4. **Adapt your bridge:** Reflect and come up with three adaptations your team can make to better strengthen your bridge. Consider what materials you can add or how you can change the shape of your bridge using engineering structures.

Adaptation 1	Adaptation 2	Adaptation 3

5. **Retest your bridge:** Test all three adaptations to your bridge to see which holds the most weight. Remember to interact with other teams and your leader to share adaptation ideas.

Name That Career

Make five or six copies of this activity sheet and cut up the cards for an interactive game. Each team will get a complete set of cards.

Protect people from car crashes	Protect the environment by designing more efficient cars	Make sure cars function properly to prevent crashes
Help architects plan buildings by drawing up the plans	Create solutions for problems in building plans and make improvements to building plans	Work with teams to draw up the plans for new innovations
Fix damaged areas like wetlands or rivers	Design parks for neighborhoods	Help the environment by designing gardens that collect storm water or trap air pollution
Test buildings to make sure they are strong and people are safe inside them	Plan where to put new buildings	Make sure buildings are using the right building materials and following the safety codes

Challenge 5: What is the connection between community needs and innovative design?

Get Prepared

Challenge Goal: Reflect on examples of technological innovations that benefit society

Time Needed: 45 minutes

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.



What You Will Need:

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet F: Talk About It!**

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- pens or pencils

Sparks Exploration: STEM Careers (optional)

If you have time, you can start Challenge 5 by having kids use their tablets to access the **STEM Career Flip Book**. Introduce the software developer and web developer in the technology section. Explain that technology is a growing field with the ability to influence everyday life. Tell them when they use cell phones, apps, and computers, they are benefiting from the work of software developers and web developers.

Goal Selection:

Ask them what needs they think software and web developers consider when they develop projects in the future. Remind them to reference the **STEM Career Flip Book** if they need more information. (Make sure they understand that software developers design games and computer systems, while web developers design websites and web programs.)



Setting the Strategy: Engineering in the Community 10 mins.

1. Start this activity by asking: **What goals guide design in engineering?** Responses should draw on information learned in the previous activity, as well as considerations such as the function behind a design and whether it's visually appealing and cost-effective to build.
2. Remind kids that innovative engineering solves specific problems. When working on a new design, engineers have a particular goal in mind that will offer a solution to a current issue or an unmet need in a community.
3. Explain that community improvement strategies are not just structural. Technological innovations can also solve community problems. Have kids

use their tablets to view three examples of helpful technological innovations:

- **Google Self-Driving Cars (California):**
To help cut down on traffic accidents, Google created a car that drives itself: <http://nyti.ms/1i5NSHt>
- **Bluefin-21 Submersible (Maryland):**
An underwater robot helps search for a missing Malaysia Airlines plane that disappeared after takeoff in March 2014: <http://nyti.ms/1ibMp2l>
- **Soccket (New York):**
A new soccer ball generates electricity to provide power in underdeveloped areas of the world: <http://wapo.st/1hE9OEW>

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Challenge 5: What is the connection between community needs and innovative design? (continued)

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 20 mins.



Break kids into their design teams. Pass out **Activity Sheet F: Talk About It!** for each team to complete as a group. In this activity, kids will reflect, share, and write down their opinions on what types of engineering improvements they'd like to see in their neighborhoods. Encourage teams to delve deeper into their communities for problems that need solving.

Use the Tablets! 15 mins.

Based on their teams' responses to **Activity Sheet F: Talk About It!** have kids brainstorm ideas for an innovation that could benefit their community. Explain that each community problem could have many different solutions. Encourage teams to come up with different innovative ideas and choose their favorite one. They can draw on paper or use the **Picasso app** on the tablets to draw sketches of their innovations.



NAME: _____

Talk About It!

Reflect on what would make your community a better place to live. If you have opinions on this matter, now's your opportunity to share them!

Instructions: Complete this community survey with your team by talking about the questions below. Write down your team's responses on this sheet and compare everyone's answers. What do you all agree on? What do you disagree on?

Ideas for Our Community

<p>1. Want places to play? Do we have enough places for physical activity (like public pools, sports centers, basketball courts, soccer fields, playgrounds, and parks) in our neighborhood? If not, what types of places would you like to have?</p>	
<p>2. Want to fix things that are broken? What things in our neighborhood need to be fixed or replaced (like boarded-up buildings, old streetlights, or uneven sidewalks)?</p>	
<p>3. Want to make dangerous areas safer? Are there areas in the neighborhood that are dangerous (busy street corners, dark lots, open construction areas)? What could be done to make these areas safer? Could empty buildings or lots be turned into something great for the neighborhood?</p>	
<p>4. What does your neighborhood need? What other things do you imagine could make your neighborhood better?</p>	

Challenge 6: How do engineers create innovative designs?

Get Prepared

Challenge Goal: Reflect on solutions to a community-based engineering problem, then turn ideas into an innovative design

Time Needed: 45 minutes

What You Will Need:

Printouts

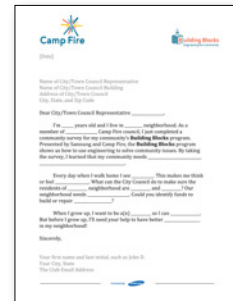
- **Activity Sheet G: Brainstorm!**
- **City/Town Council Letter Template** (optional)

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- pens or pencils
- paper
- completed **Activity Sheet F: Talk About It!** (from Challenge 5)

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.

Connect With the Community (optional):



Once kids have completed Unit 2, they will have invented an innovative design to meet a need in their community. Wrap up the unit by helping them share their great ideas with their city council representative. Have them research the name and

address of their city council representative. Then ask them to use the downloadable **City/Town Council Letter Template** to write a letter that presents their ideas and asks for support for their neighborhoods.

Spark Exploration: Introduce Them to STEM Careers 10 mins.

Have kids open the **STEM Career Flip Book** on the tablets and flip to the engineering careers to read about a drafter. Explain that engineering projects take a team of STEM professionals. Ask:

- **When do you think a drafter would be involved in a building project?** (After an architect or engineer has come up with the idea for the project and before it gets built.)

Goal Selection:

- **What do you think a drafter's goal is when working with a team?** (To plan out how an idea will work in real life, identify problems with the design idea, offer alternative solutions, and demonstrate how much space and materials may be needed to build.)



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Challenge 6: How do engineers create innovative designs? (continued)

Setting the Strategy: Engineering the Community 10 mins.

Direct kids to separate into their design teams and **look back over** the responses on **Activity Sheet F: Talk About It!** from the previous activity. Have them debate which community issues are of the greatest importance and why. From the top issues, they'll pick one they'd like to tackle with an innovative engineering project. Encourage teams to clearly define the goals their designs would achieve and what strategies they would integrate to achieve these goals.

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 25 mins.



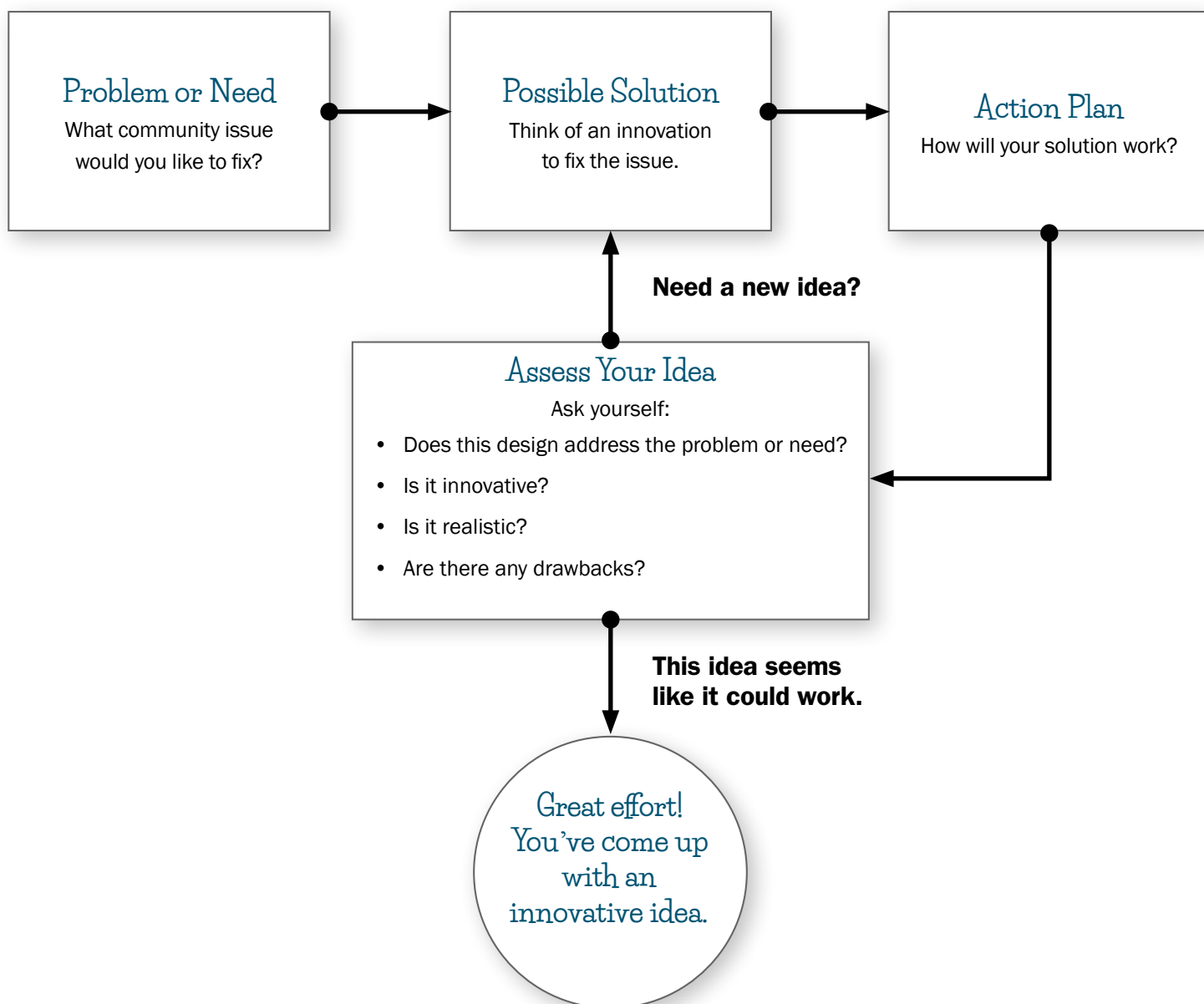
Hand out **Activity Sheet G: Brainstorm!** to each kid. Instruct teams to reflect on a possible idea for an innovation that could help address the goals of their chosen community issue. If there is time, instruct kids to start sketching a draft of their design ideas. They may use the **Picasso app** to sketch out their designs on the tablets or they may use separate sheets of paper. If kids do not have time to sketch their ideas, wrap up the activity by having them write detailed notes. Have them save their sketches and notes for the next activity.

NAME: _____

Brainstorm!

It's not always easy to come up with solutions to a problem. It helps to brainstorm to create a list of possibilities. Use this activity to spark a flood of ideas!

Instructions: Write the important community issue your team would like to fix in the “Problem or Need” square below. Then come up with an innovation that could be a potential solution. Next, consider what it will take for your innovation to work. The diagram below will help you map out your thoughts so you don’t get stuck.



Challenge 7: How can we improve innovative designs?

Get Prepared

 **Challenge Goal:** Learn about the role of revision in the design process

 **Time Needed:** 45 minutes

 **What You Will Need:**

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet H: Troubleshooting**

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- paper
- pens or pencils
- team notes and sketches on their innovation ideas (from Activity 6)

Connect With the Home:



Now that you've begun Unit 3, send home the **Council-to-Home Communication: Unit 3 Overview** so family members can read about the activities for the final unit of **Building Blocks**.

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.

Engineering in Action 10 mins.

Goal Selection:

1. Ask two or three teams to share their experiences with creating their own innovations. Ask: **What community need does your innovation meet? What goals did you set for your innovation?**

Setting the Strategy:

2. Explain that the idea for an innovation is just the first step in creating a community solution. Finished designs don't get built right after the idea is created. Designs go through many revisions. Engineers create a plan and come up with strategies to achieve set goals. They put their designs through a design development process to make sure their innovations work in the best possible way and offer the best solution to a problem.
3. Ask kids: **Reflect on how engineers might determine what improvements to make to a design?** (They look for any flaws in the design and make sure it meets all the identified community needs; they develop models of their designs and test them; they get feedback from consumers and other engineers.)



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Challenge 7: How can we improve innovative designs? (continued)

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 25 mins.

1. Tell kids that, like real engineers, they need to evaluate their design ideas before settling on a final design. They'll test and revise their ideas with the help of a role-playing activity.
2. Have teams partner with one other team to complete **Activity Sheet H: Troubleshooting**. The testing groups will take turns acting out how each team's innovations will work.
3. Hand out **Activity Sheet H: Troubleshooting**. Give teams five minutes to choose characters based on the roles described on the chart on the activity sheet. Ask them to think carefully about their innovation ideas. Their role-playing should demonstrate:
 - What their innovations will do
 - What goals their innovations will meet
 - Who will use their innovations
 - Who will operate their innovations
 - Where the innovations will be located in the community
 - Who will be impacted by the innovations
4. Now that teams have developed their ideas, explain that it's time to role-play. Make sure that each of the four group members has a specific role to play. Group members will play the following roles:
 - **Role #1:** The person who will **use** and **benefit** from the innovation
 - **Role #2:** The person who will **operate** the innovation
 - **Role #3:** The person who will be **affected** by the innovation's location and/or presence in their neighborhood
 - **Role #4:** The person who will be **critical** of the innovation
5. Give groups five minutes to act out a short scene involving the first team's innovation. After five minutes, have the kids stop and take notes on what worked and what didn't. Then have the groups start a new role-play to test out the other team's innovation so that both teams get feedback on their design ideas.

Use the Tablets! 10 mins.

Have kids separate into their teams and review the issues they discovered during the role-play activity. Tell them to use this information to revise their innovation's design in the **Picasso app** on their tablets. Teams may also choose to draw their solutions on paper.



NAME: _____

Troubleshooting

Will your innovation work as expected? You won't know until you test it in a real-life scenario. Use this role-play activity to look for possible problems with your design.

Get Ready

Think of some characters for your role-play activity. These will be specific people who will interact with your innovation.

Role	Character Description
Role #1: The User Who will use the innovation? Who will the innovation help? Choose a character who will use the innovation and be helped by it.	
Role #2: The Operator Who will operate the innovation? Choose a character who will make the innovation work.	
Role #3: The Neighbor What size will the innovation be and where will it be located? Is the innovation large or small? Will the size and location of the innovation impact someone in the neighborhood? Choose a character who has to get used to the innovation in his or her neighborhood.	
Role #4: The Critic Will someone in the neighborhood dislike the innovation? Think of a character who might not like the innovation and might complain about it. This character's criticisms can help you come up with design solutions!	

Act It Out

Now that you have your characters, act out a short scene involving your innovation. All team members should be involved and pretend to interact with the innovation. As you're acting it out, notice what works the way you think it will and what doesn't.

Reflect and Shift Gears

On the back of this sheet, write down any issues that arose during the role-playing activity. Then brainstorm solutions to address these issues so your innovation better meets your community's needs.

Challenge 8: How can we show how innovative design works?

Get Prepared

Challenge Goal: Create flowcharts to show how their innovations will work and how people in their community will use them

Time Needed: 45 minutes, plus one additional 45-minute session (*optional*)



What You Will Need:

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet I: Set the Scene**

Materials

- paper
- pencils
- markers or colored pencils (*optional*)
- glue or tape (*optional*)
- poster board (*optional*)

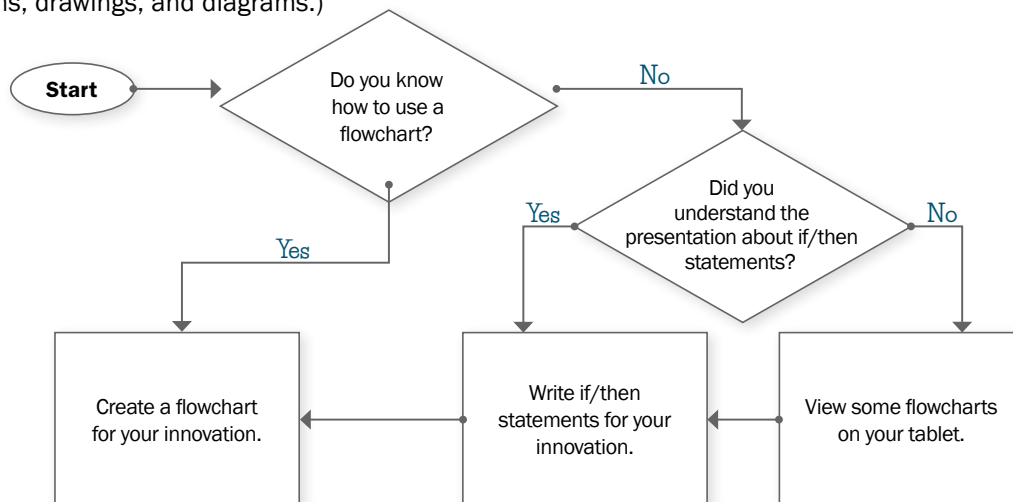
SESSION 1

Engineering in Action 5 mins.

Once engineers have identified their goals, they then have to identify strategies to make them work. Teams have already set their goals for Unit 3, now they will focus on setting strategies.

1. Explain that engineers have many tools to help come up with strategies on how exactly an innovation will function. Ask kids: **What are some ways that engineers could show the community how an innovation will work?** (Answers might include: creating models, graphs, charts, computer simulations, drawings, and diagrams.)

2. Explain that a flowchart is one tool engineers use to show how the strategy behind an innovation will function. A flowchart is a diagram that uses boxes and arrows to show the steps involved in a process, the order in which the steps occur, and the possible outcomes of each step.



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Challenge 8: How can we show how innovative designs work? (continued)

Use the Tablets! 40 mins.

1. Show kids an image of a flowchart on your tablet: bit.ly/1qYGJcP. Point out that flowcharts show a series of actions and reactions that could be difficult to explain in words alone. Because flowcharts outline how steps connect, they can be used to show how an innovation will work.
2. Have kids access the **Draw Express Diagram Lite app** on their tablets. Explain that they will use it to create flowcharts for their innovations. Tell them that this chart will detail how their innovations will function and how residents in their community would use them.
3. Discuss the importance of if/then statements when devising a flowchart. An if/then statement states:

If _____ step happens, then it causes _____ step to happen next. If/then statements allow people to plan out exactly how an innovation will work and react to the person using it. Tell kids that these statements will help them keep track of all the steps in a process. These steps will also help them see setbacks to their ideas that would need rethinking/revising.

Wrap-up Session and Reflection:

4. Instruct kids to use the **Draw Express Diagram Lite app** to create if/then statements for their innovations. As they record each interaction from the innovations on their flowcharts, they will reflect more deeply on what happens during each step of their innovations in action.



SESSION 2

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 45 mins. (optional)

To Get Started: Remind kids that they discussed engineering tools in the previous session, focusing on flowcharts. Ask them to discuss why a flowchart is so helpful in showing how an innovative design works.

1. If you would like to add a session, prepare your kids to do more! Let them know that a flowchart may reveal how an innovation will function, but it has a downside. It's so technical that it doesn't give a good overall picture of the innovation at work. A more visual way to show an innovation in action is with a storyboard. A storyboard is a type of graphic organizer that shows a sequence of illustrations acting out a scene, sometimes with explanatory text or dialogue.
2. Use your tablet to share this article about storyboards with kids at: www.scholastic.com/teachers/article/what-are-storyboards. Ask kids what they notice about how the storyboards are organized.

Wrap-up Session and Reflection Activity:

3. Hand out **Activity Sheet I: Set the Scene**. It will guide kids through the steps necessary to plan and draw storyboards of their own. Have kids reflect on the best sequence of illustrations to represent community residents using their innovations. Encourage kids to discuss why community residents would use their innovations. This will provide them with great insight while they complete this activity.

NAME: _____

Set the Scene

A flowchart may reveal how an innovation will work, but it doesn't give the whole picture. To really show your innovation in action, you're going to create a storyboard by following the steps below. It will show, in a series of images, how people in your neighborhood will use your innovation.

1. **Plan Your Panels:** Jot down some ideas for a series of illustrations that will show residents of your community using your innovation. You will use six sheets of paper as your six storyboard panels. The panels should tell a visual story like a scene in a movie. Make sure the scene unfolds panel-by-panel in a logical order so that anyone who views it will understand the steps of how your innovation works.
2. **Ready, Set, Draw:** Begin drawing rough pencil illustrations for each panel in the storyboard template below. Work together as a team to reflect on whether the sketches are effective. Make revisions to be sure you're presenting your innovation in the best way possible. When done, add final details, outlines, and color to the panels.
3. **Mount Your Storyboard:** Arrange the panels in order in two rows of three on a piece of poster board. Give your storyboard a title and add text or dialogue underneath each panel to help explain what's happening in each. Make sure you make any text on the poster large enough for an audience to read.

Challenge 9: How do we create a model of our innovative design?

Get Prepared



Challenge Goal: Kids will build models of their innovations



Time Needed: 45 minutes (with an additional 45-minute session if more time is needed to complete the models)



What You Will Need:

Printouts

- **Activity Sheet J: Model Construction**
- **Activity Sheet K: Presentation Guide (optional)**
- **Letter to the Mayor Template (optional)**

Materials

- Samsung tablets
- Building materials, such as:
 - cardboard
 - clean, disposable plastic containers
 - egg cartons
 - straws
 - pipe cleaners
 - caps
 - tinfoil
 - markers
 - paint
 - scissors
 - glue
 - tape

Note: Kids may use the activity sheet printouts or they may follow along on their tablets at: www.scholastic.com/sparks3.

Connect With the Community (optional):



Since kids have completed the **Building Blocks** program, have them write a letter to the city's mayor using the provided **Letter to the Mayor Template**. The template will help them find the words to explain their innovations and invite the mayor to come take a look at their hard work.

Engineering in Action 15 mins.

1. Now that kids have their goals and have planned their models, it's finally time for them to build. So dive right in! Ask kids if they can recall why models are important to engineers. (Remind them that they learned about this in Challenge 3 when building their model 3D cities.) Models help engineers show others how an engineering project will look, function, and interact with the real world.
2. Explain that engineers call a model of a design a prototype. Ask:
 - **Why is it important to build a prototype before producing the actual design?**

- **Why do designs need to be tested?**
 - **What happens if a design fails?**
3. Explain that building a prototype is one part of the design development process. Ask kids to identify other design stages they have learned so far. Make sure they include the following stages: define the problem; set goals; brainstorm solutions; choose the best solution; come up with strategies; draft your design; test and troubleshoot your design; improve your design. (If you'd like to test their sequencing skills, you can write these steps randomly on your whiteboard or chalkboard and have kids put them in the correct order.)

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Challenge 9: How do we create a model of our innovative designs? (continued)

Shifting Gears: STEM Challenge! 30 mins.

1. Hand out **Activity Sheet J: Model Construction**. It will walk teams through the steps to plan how to build a model of their innovations. Before they begin, have them look over the building materials provided so they can determine what is available and will work best for their models. Encourage kids to come up with building strategies in advance.
2. Once kids have completed their activity sheets, give them about 30 minutes to work on building their models. Remind them to look back as needed at the design they drew on their tablets, as well as the flowcharts they created in the previous activity.
3. Circulate among the teams as they work on their innovation models. Evaluate whether kids are on track and provide feedback. Answer any questions

teams may have if they become stuck. Extend this activity to an additional session if kids need additional time to complete the models of their innovations. Remind kids to make revisions as necessary.



Final Presentation (optional)

Congratulations! You and your kids have come to the end of your journey of learning about STEM and innovation. Give yourselves a round of applause for your hard work. Now that they've completed this challenge, your kids should have plenty to be proud of. So help them share their hard work with the community!

Prepare for the Presentation

If your council has the time and space, organize an event where kids can present their ideas to peers, families, and community members. You may also invite government officials. Find a place where kids can display their 3D

models and the models of their innovations. If you did not complete the optional **Activity Sheet I: Set the Scene** during Challenge 8, consider going back to complete it so teams will have storyboards to accompany their 3D models. As a final component to the presentation, use **Activity Sheet K: Presentation Guide** to help kids prepare a public presentation of their innovations. Public speaking and communication are important educational, job, and life skills. Give your kids a head start in learning how to effectively share their thoughts and ideas. Good luck!

TEAM NAME: _____

Model Construction

You've worked long and hard setting goals and strategies to develop a design idea to benefit your community. Now it's time to show others what your innovation will look like in real life. So just like a real engineer, you're going to build a model of your innovation.

Instructions: Make sure your model building goes smoothly. Before you begin, use the checklist below to outline the building process. Check off each step as you complete it. Remember to make changes to your model as needed.

Construction Checklist

☐ Choose Your Materials

- Of the materials provided, which will work best for your model? List them here:

- What will each type of material be used for?

☐ Plan Your Building Method

How do you plan to construct your model? List the steps here:

Step 1 _____

Step 2 _____

Step 3 _____

Step 4 _____

☐ Label It!

When you are done building, use strips of paper to label the key parts or features of your model to show how it will function. Write down what you plan to label here:

Part/Feature 1 _____

Part/Feature 2 _____

Part/Feature 3 _____

Part/Feature 4 _____

☐ Building in Real Life

- What materials and other resources would you need to create your actual innovation?

- What strategies would you use to build your actual innovation in your community?

Presentation Guide

Sharing your ideas in front of a group can sometimes be intimidating. But don't worry! This guide will help you increase your presentation skills.

Instructions: Complete the steps below on a separate sheet of paper to learn what important information to include in your presentation. Make sure you know which team member will present which part of the presentation. Then read the "Helpful Talking Points" section below to assist your team in preparing the presentation speech.

1. Introduce Your Design Team

- Share your team name and the names of its members.
- Give the name of your innovation and a brief overview of what it does.

2. Describe Your Innovation

- Discuss the problem or need in your community that your innovation addresses. Make sure to state the goals that you have set.
- Explain how you think your community will benefit from your innovation.

3. Discuss Your Model or Storyboard

- Use your model or storyboard to explain the details behind how your innovation will work.
- Explain how you came up with the design for your innovation. Describe the strategies and revisions you came up with along the way.

4. Describe Real-Life Construction

- Explain how you would go about building your innovation in real life, including the materials and resources you would use.
- What professionals would you need to bring the various parts of your innovation to life? For more information, conduct research on your tablet to find out. Then list the necessary professionals' titles, roles, and responsibilities.

Helpful Talking Points

- **Write It Down:** It can be easy to forget what you are supposed to say when presenting. Beat stage fright by writing down a few helpful notes as a reminder of the key points you want to make.
- **Rehearse:** Don't wing it! Practice what you're going to say before the day of your presentation. This will help you relax and stay focused as you speak.
- **Know Your Stuff:** People may have questions, so come prepared to answer them. It's okay if you can't answer every question, but everyone on your team should be able to explain the main ideas behind your project and how it works.