Name:	Date:
Compound Sentences	ELA6: P

FANBOYS (for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so)

A Compound sentence is a sentence that has two simple sentences joined together. When a compound sentence is joined together with a coordinating conjunction (for, and, nor, but, or, yet so), add a comma **before** a coordinating conjunction.

Hint: not all conjunctions join two simple sentences (independent clauses). If they are not joining two simple sentences, do not use a comma.

Examples of Comma Rule:

Jordan broke his arm, <u>so</u> he had to go to the hospital. My dog chased a rabbit around the yard, <u>but</u> he couldn't catch it. Amelia opened her locker <u>and</u> grabbed her books <u>for</u> class.

Directions: Underline the FANBOYS in the sentence. If it is joining 2 sentences, insert a comma **BEFORE** the coordinating conjunction. If it is not joining 2 sentences, do not insert a comma.

Practice:

- The play is tomorrow night so we are having a dress rehearsal tonight.
- Digger dug a hole in the ground and buried his bone.

On Your Own:

- 1. Roberta likes going to school but she does not like math class.
- 2. Jed and Joey put hot fudge and whipped cream on their ice cream.
- 3. Betty likes to eat pizza but she likes spaghetti better.
- 4. Eli sat down to do his homework but his sister ate it.
- 5. Snoopy went to his dog house to eat and take a nap.
- 6. Linus lost his blanket and started to cry.
- Charlie Brown wanted to ask Lucy a question but she was too busy to answer.
- 8. Students are eating spaghetti or deli subs today.
- 9. Sponge Bob took his notebook to class but he forgot his pencil.
- 10. Sally went fishing last Saturday but we didn't catch anything.