THE HARDEST MATH PROBLEM STUDENT CONTEST CHALLENGE 1 ANSWER KEY

Each problem has multiple pathways to the solution depending on how students set it up, although each problem does have a single numeric solution.

Teachers, if your student(s) answered Challenge 1 correctly, they are invited to enter Challenge 2! Get the Challenge 2 materials at **scholastic.com/hardestmathcontest**.

GRADE 6

Step 1: I set up a ratio of 24:4 to compare the time, 24 minutes, with the battery percentage it used up when listening to music, 4%. The unit ratio for minutes of time to percentage of battery used when listening to music is 6:1.

Step 2: Using this unit rate, I set up a proportion to find x, which is the percentage of battery remaining after 42 minutes of the monkey listening to Top Pop:

 $6 \min / 1\%$ battery = $42 \min / x$

Step 3: I can write this equation more simply as 6 = 42/x. To make it easier to perform the calculations, I multiply both sides of the equation by x in order to rewrite the equation as 6x = 42.

Step 4: Now I divide each side of the equation by 6 to isolate the x so I can find out its value. 42/6 = 7. Therefore, x = 7% of battery charge was used when the monkey listened to Top Pop for 42 minutes.

Step 4: Since Samatha's battery started at 46%, I subtract the 7% to get to 39%.

Therefore, Samantha's phone has 39% battery remaining.

GRADE 7

Step 1: If each charge is 100%, then 80 charges would be 80 times that amount, which is 8,000%.

Step 2: 76% - 16% tells me how much battery was used to watch three episodes, 60% of battery.

Step 3: I find a rate by setting up a comparison. If 3 episodes take 60% of battery, then, 60/3 tells us the unit rate—that each episode takes 20%.

Step 4: 8000% / 20% = 400, which tells me that I need to use a scale factor of 400. 1 episode times 400 gives the solution.

Therefore, the extra 80 full charges would allow the monkey to watch 400 episodes.

GRADE 8

Step 1: I found the rate of battery decline for each activity.

For the music, it was 4% for 24 minutes. 4/24 minutes gives a rate of 1/6% per minute.

For the video, it was 60% for 90 minutes. 60/90 minutes gives a rate of 2/3% per minute.

Step 2: 55% - 2/3% per *m* represents Jorge's battery 29% - 1/6% per *m* represents Samantha's battery

Step 3: Set up the equation for when the batteries are the same

$$55 - 2/3m = 29 - 1/6m$$

Step 4: Find the value of m

$$55 - 2/3m = 29 - 1/6m$$

 $+2/3m$ $+2/3m$
 $55 = 29 + \frac{1}{2}m$
 -29 -29
 $26 = \frac{1}{2}m$

Step 5: Since dividing by a fraction is the same as multiplying by its reciprocal, I can isolate m by dividing it by 1/2 and dividing the other side of the equation, 26, by 1/2 as well.

$$26 = \frac{1/2m}{1/2}$$

26 divided by $\frac{1}{2}$ is the same as 26(2), which equals 52.

$$52 = m$$

Therefore, Samantha and Jorge's phones will be at the same charge in 52 minutes.