by Mary Cerullo

Student Response Form

Student's	name Juan Grade 4
Your teach	her wants to learn more about you as a reader. For this reading activity, here are some simple ollow:
•	Enjoy the book!
+	When you reach a page with a sticky note, read to the bottom of the page.
	Stop and answer the question on your response form. Include as much detail as you can. It is fine to reread, but don't read ahead.
+	Put the sticky note back in the book.
*	Keep reading!
	 PAGE 7 Explain what a marine biologist is and does, using everything you've read so far in this book.
	+ marine biologist is a person who learns all
	about animals who live underwater and studied them
	to learn what they do.
	E(P) A I
HT	2. PAGE 9 What do the photograph, illustration, and sidebar on page 9 teach you?
	It teames me about the size of a
	Great white and how to measure it
	correctly.
	. J
	E P A I

by Mary Cerullo



3. PAGE 14 Explain what a cartilaginous fish is, using details from the text.



4. PAGE 17 What is the main idea of this section (pages 14-17)?

veny rough to This is because they have small pointed dagger to 5. PAGE 17 Use some details from pages 14-17 to support the main idea you

wrote for question 4.



6. PAGE 21 Compare and contrast what scientists understand about sharks and what other people may think.

who fear them

by Mary Cerullo



7. PAGE 27 Use specific details from pages 25–27. List some misconceptions people have about sharks and explain why they are misconceptions.

One misconceptions that people think is that there looking to eat humans but there really booking for seals and sea lions. One truth about them is they bite you but do not eat all of you.





 PAGE 31 Different scientists have different theories about why humans survive shark attacks. Explain these theories using details from pages 28–31.

there both book similar Great white's bite humans occasionally but they detect that is not as party as sea lions so they regret the non fatty food.





9. PAGE 32 Explain what camouflage is and how it matters when understanding sharks.

Surroundings. It help shark because there prey dose not see them so it is easier to hunt. EPAI



10. PAGE 33 What does the sidebar on page 33 add to the information you've learned about shark attacks on pages 25–33?

It teaches me about how it is unlikely to get bite by a shark but you should watch out.



by Mary Cerullo



 PAGE 35 Explain what conservation means and why it's important to sharks, using details from pages 34–35.

Conservation means to protecting something montant, like how great whites are protected to try to save the species, EPAI

12. PAGE 41 What are the two or three related main ideas from this whole book?

Two main ideas, one About how they live and another that sharks aren't Killers.

E P(A)

by Mary Cerullo

Reflection
Was this book easy, just right, or too hard? KIND OF JUST RIGHT
How do you know? because It made me a little scared
of sharks.
Did you like this book? Ves
Why or why not? because it tells how their live and
why or why not? because it tells how they live and most facts about great white's
Would you choose another book like this from the library?
why or why not? because I want to learn more about shark's
STANK D

Comprehension Record & Planning Form: Level U

The Truth About Great White Sharks by Mary Cerullo

First: Tally Student Results

- 1. Refer to the student's scored Response Form.
- 2. Check ✓ the appropriate white box (E, P, A, or I) below for each answer.
- 3. Tally each column to find the total number of E, P, A, and I responses.
- 4. Record the overall tally below the chart.

Scoring Guide E-Exceptional P-Proficient A-Approaching

I-Incorrect

		Main Idea			Key Details				Vocabulary				Text Features				
Question	Page	Ε	Р	Α	1	Е	P	Α	1	Ε	P	A	. 1	E	Р	Α	-1
1	7	-	-	1100	1 How	-		100	1		V			1200			
2	9					180				109	1						
3	14			1	/	0					1				PERT	37.700	i i
4	17			J			1			150	a delado		60 1				
5	17	1000	EVAL				1	/		100				1118			
6	21						,	/		100				100			
7	27						1			1.40				134			
8	31						1			1948	1	/		1000			
9	32					Blog	LVV -	1	173		1			Land !	,		
10	33					MAN				177	-	/			1		
11	35			/		388					V			000	19	15	
12	41			V						100	1900	1	- 11				
		Е	Р	Α	. 12	E	Р	Α	1	Е	P	Α	1	Ε	Р	Α	-1
	TALLY			11			111	1			1111				11		

Next: Decide on Goals

- 1. In the first column, check the scenario or scenarios that best describes this student's performance.
- 2. Reflect on the information in the last two columns to plan for your goal-setting conference with the student.

1	If.	Then	Teaching Suggestions	
	One-third (1/3) or more of the student's total responses from all four strands are approaching and/or incorrect.	This level is likely too difficult. Assess the student at the next level below to determine a goal.	n/a	
<i></i>	The student's approaching and incorrect responses fall in one or two of the four strands, yet all other responses are proficient and/or exceptional.	Instruct the student in one area of need at a time, addressing the strands in this order: 1. Main Idea 2. Key Details 3. Vocabulary 4. Text Features	See pages: T23 Main Idea T35 Key Details T51 Vocabulary T61 Text Features	
	No answers are incorrect or approaching. The student's responses are mostly proficient and some are exceptional.	In most cases, work to move the student from proficient to exceptional in all areas. Instruct the student in one area at a time, addressing the strands in the order listed on the right.	See pages: T23 Main Idea T35 Key Details T51 Vocabulary T61 Text Features	

Comprehension Record & Planning Form: Level U

The Truth About Great White Sharks by Mary Cerullo

1	If	Then	Teaching Suggestions
	Around ² / ₃ of the student's responses are exceptional .	Assess the student at the next level higher to determine a goal.	For tips on when to move students to the next level and when to keep them at their current level, see page A6.
	There is no obvious pattern to the student's responses; the student's answers range from exceptional to incorrect across all four strands.	Comprehension is likely inconsistent or flawed because the book is too difficult. You will likely want to have the student take the assessment at the next level below.	To know when to reassess, see tips on pages T7-T8.
	The student has trouble expressing answers in writing, but past observations indicate he or she can verbally elaborate on what is written.	In the goal-setting conference, check to see if the student can verbally elaborate on his or her responses. If the student can, provide support with writing about reading at this level during independent reading.	For help with writing about reading, scan the tip boxes in the Precision Teaching section, pages T23-T73.
	The student's reflection on the Response Form indicates that the book was a good fit, yet many responses are approaching or incorrect.	This is a student who may have trouble monitoring for meaning, or knowing what he or she knows. Work with the student on strategies for stopping to check for understanding as a secondary goal.	For help with monitoring strategies, see page 18.

What goal or goals have you decided to focus on [see Then column]?	
Main Idea	23
What + So What	ggestions column.)
additional notes to prepare (e.g., questions to ask, a book for modeling, and so on):	

Now you are ready to confer. Turn to page T4 for a sample goal-setting conference transcript and advice on how to conduct the conference.